## Progress of water recovery towards 'Bridging the Gap' to sustainable diversion limits (SDLs) as at 31 March 2024

Table 1: Surface water

SDL resource unit (or Shared Zone)	Basin Plan recovery targets				Recovery Progress						Remaining					
	local target (GL/y)	shared target (GL/y) <sup>(2)</sup>	apportioned supply contribution <sup>(3)</sup> (GL/y)	total target (GL/y)	plus efficiency contribution required to achieve full supply <sup>(4)</sup> (GL/y)	Austra purchase (GL/y) <sup>(5)</sup>	infrastructure  (GL/y) (6)	gifted <sup>(7)</sup> (GL/y)	state government recoveries <sup>(1,8)</sup> (GL/y)	total recovery (GL/y)	plus efficiency contribution registered (GL/y) <sup>(9)</sup>	plus additional HEW contribution registered (GL/y) <sup>(10)</sup>	local recovery remaining (GL/y)	shared recovery remaining (GL/y)	total recovery remaining (GL/y)	plus efficiency contribution remaining <sup>(11)</sup> (GL/y)
Condamine-Balonne	100.0	-		100.0		78.6	8.0	-		86.7	l ] -		13.3		13.3	
Moonie	-	2.1	-	2.1		-	1.6	1.2	-	2.8	_		-	_	-	
Vebine	1.0	2.8	-	3.8		-	-	3.8		3.8	_		-	_	_	
Paroo	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	_			-	_	
QLD Border Rivers	14.0	-	-	14.0		4.4	9.3	0.8	-	14.4	_		-	-	_	
Warrego	8.0	12.1	-	20.1		10.1	0.4	9.5	_	20.1	_		_	-	_	
northern Basin QLD zone	123.0	17.0	-	140.0		93.1	19.3	15.4		127.9	_		13.3	-	13.3	
Barwon-Darling (12)	32.0	- 17.0	<u> </u>	32.0		25.0	3.7	- 15.4	1.7	30.4			1.6		1.6	
Gwydir	42.0	7.6	-	49.6		42.9	5.0	_	6.7	54.6	_		-	-	-	
Intersecting Streams (13)	-	13.8	-	13.8		13.8	-	_	-	13.8	_		-	_	_	
Macquarie-Castlereagh	55.0	2.6	-	57.6		30.8	39.2	_	25.8	95.8	_		-	_	_	
Namoi	20.0	-	-	20.0		9.0	5.9	-	-	14.9	_		5.1	-	5.1	
NSW Border Rivers	7.0	-	-	7.0		0.01	1.9	_	-	2.0	_		5.0	_	5.0	
northern Basin NSW zone	156.0	24.0	-	180.0		121.5	55.7		34.3	211.6	_		11.7	-	11.7	
northern Basin total	279.0	41.0	-	320.0		214.7	75.1	15.4	34.3	339.4	-		25.0	_	25.0	
northern basin total								15.4	34.3				25.0		25.0	
Lower Darling	8.0	14.3	-	22.3		21.8	1.4	-	-	23.2	-		-	-	-	
NSW Murrumbidgee (14)	320.0	277.9	- 162.0	435.9		136.6	279.6	-	26.2	442.4	4.7		-	-	-	
NSW Murray	262.0	165.8	- 124.8	303.0		200.3	102.7	-	0.1	303.1	-		-	-	-	
southern Basin NSW zone	590.0	458.0	- 286.8	761.2		358.7	383.6	-	26.4	768.7	4.7		-	-	-	
ACT Murrumbidgee <sup>(14)</sup>	-	4.9	-	4.9		6.4	-	-	-	6.4	-		-	-	-	
southern Basin ACT zone	-	4.9	-	4.9		6.4	-	-	-	6.4	-		-	-	-	
Broken	-	1.3	- 1.1	0.2		0.0	0.3	-	0.1	0.4	-		-	-	-	
Campaspe	18.0	13.2	- 2.6	28.6		6.3	0.2	-	22.4	28.9	-		-	-	-	
Goulburn	344.0	186.4	- 174.5	355.9		240.5	92.3	-	36.0	368.8	2.5		-	-	-	
Kiewa <sup>(15)</sup>	-	1.1	- 1.3	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
oddon	12.0	9.8	- 10.9	10.9		1.8	0.4	-	10.2	12.3	-		-	-	-	
Ovens <sup>(15)</sup>	-	2.7	- 3.0	-		0.0	0.0	-	-	0.1	-		-	-	-	
/IC Murray	253.0	210.8	- 72.8	391.0		280.9	91.3	-	20.7	392.9	4.5		-	-	-	
southern Basin VIC zone	627.0	425.3	- 266.2	786.1		529.5	184.5	-	89.3	803.3	7.0		-	-	-	
Eastern Mount Lofty Ranges	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Marne Saunders	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
SA Murray	101.0	82.8	- 52.0	131.8		87.4	47.3	-	6.3	141.0	2.7		-	-	-	
SA Non-Prescribed	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
southern Basin SA zone	101.0	82.8	- 52.0	131.8		87.4	47.3	-	6.3	141.0	2.7		-	-	-	
southern Basin total	1,318.0	971.0	- 605.0	1,684.0		981.9	615.4	-	122.0	1,719.3	14.5		-	-	-	
achlan	48.0	N/A	-	48.0		33.9	2.3	_	11.8	48.0	_		0.0	_	0.0	
Vimmera-Mallee	23.0	N/A	-	23.0		23.2	-	-	-	23.2	-		-	-	-	
otal Basin	1,668.0	1,012.0	- 605.0	2,075.0	62.0	1,253.7	692.8	15.4	168.0	2,129.9	14.5		25.1		25.1	47.

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## Notes on the above Table

Allow for minor rounding in total values.

All water recovery figures are expressed in long-term diversion limit equivalent (LTDLE) terms. Water recovery amounts are calculated using:

- NSW long-term diversion limit equivalent factors, as updated in 2019 and 2020 and published at https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water/plans-programs/water-resource-plans/ltdle-cap-factors
- Queensland long-term diversion limit equivalent factors, as updated in 2020 and published at https://www.dnrme.gld.gov.au/ data/assets/pdf file/0008/1517966/gmdb-derivation-ltdle-factors.pdf
- South Australian long-term diversion limit equivalent factors, as updated in 2020 and published at https://www.environment.sa.gov.au/topics/river-murray/basin-plan/sustainable-limits-on-water-use
- Victorian long-term diversion limit equivalent factors, as updated in 2019 and published at https://www.water.vic.gov.au/mdb/achievements-murray-darling-basin-plan/water-recovery

Where a Water Resource Plan (WRP) has been accredited by 30 June 2020, the respective planning assumptions and WRPs are used.

When NSW WRPs are accredited this may affect the final volume of entitlements needed to complete water recovery.

- 1. Water recovery is reported at the point at which water savings or purchase have been received, estimated or agreed in signed contracts. Until water transfer contracts have been exchanged however, these figures may be subject to change over time.
- 2. The Basin Plan Amendment Instrument (No.1) 2018 provided additional time for Basin States to request a re-allocation of the shared reduction amount within a Basin zone in their state. Queensland and South Australia made a request to re-allocate the shared reduction amount within their state in June 2018.

  NSW and Victoria made requests to re-allocate their shared reduction amounts in December 2018 that were agreed by the Authority in March 2019. This table shows the outcome of those re-allocation requests.
- 3. The MDBA's assessment of the package of supply measures nominated by State Governments, found that Sustainable Diversion Limits (SDL) in the southern Murray-Darling Basin can be adjusted upwards by 605 GL/y, reducing environmental water recovery by this amount. More information about supply measures projects is available from the Register of Measures Table A available at https://www.mdba.gov.au/basin-plan-roll-out/sustainable-diversion-limits/sdl-adjustment-proposals-state-projects
- 4. Efficiency measures projects with neutral or beneficial socio-economic outcomes aim to provide a total of 450 GL/y of water for the environment. As the first 62 GL/y of efficiency measures is recovered, the supply adjustment will progressively rise from 543 GL/y to the full 605 GL/y.
- 5. Includes Australian Government water recoveries funded through the Restoring the Balance (RtB) program (includes the repealed 1,500 GL cap on Commonwealth water purchases and its exemptions), and the ACT purchased entitlements established to be held by the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder within their state water management framework.
- 6. Includes Australian Government water recoveries funded through the Sustainable Rural Water Use and Infrastructure Program (SRWUIP) infrastructure projects, the South Australian River Murray Sustainability Program (SARMSP) and the Water Smart Australia Program. Programs include entitlements recovered through co-funded Commonwealth/State projects.
- 7. Water gifted to the Australian Government by the Queensland Government.
- 8. State recovery figures are as at 31 March 2024.
- 9. The efficiency contribution registered are those water entitlements, derived from efficiency measures registered with the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder as at 31 March 2024.
- 10. Additional HEW entitlements are water access entitlements that were previously used for consumptive purposes, but will now be used for environmental purposes, and registered with the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder as at 31 March 2024.
- 11. The remaining efficiency contribution recovery reflects entitlements to be secured under efficiency measures projects and registered with the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder.
- 12. Historical floodplain harvesting (FPH) water rights in the Barwon-Darling Watercourse have now been converted to volumetric licences, including a 3.812 GL water right associated with the Toorale station acquisition. This volume will not be included in the recovery table until NSW proposes an LTDLE factor for that entitlement and it can be independently reviewed.
- 13. As part of the NSW updated LTDLE factors work in 2018, the Intersecting Streams SDL resource unit BDL was re-estimated and a factor determined for the former Toorale station unregulated river special additional high flow entitlement of 9.720GL. From March 2019, this recovery is now included in this table. For this Table the factor for this entitlement is 1.00. In 2022, NSW published a revised LTDLE factor for the Intersecting Streams unregulated licences, however this has not yet been adopted for the purposes of these accounts. The reported volume will not change in the recovery estimates until the independent review has been completed and the MDBA and NSW agree on any revised factors.
- 14. An entitlement that was acquired in 2014 to meet the ACT shared reduction target was recovered from the NSW Murrumbidgee and is shown as recovery in that SDL resource unit. A further entitlement has been contracted in March 2024 to satisfy the ACT's shared reduction target.
- 15. Basin Plan recovery targets: The Victorian shared reduction request (as agreed by the Authority) produces small negative amounts in two valleys totalling 0.5 GL/y (Kiewa 0.2 GL/y and Ovens 0.3 GL/y) for the required reduction from the BDL to the SDL when applied in conjunction with the apportioned supply contribution; which assumes at least 62 GL/y of efficiency measures is achieved. The Victorian shared reduction request meets all of the requirements set out in the Basin Plan at s6.05. Resolution of any anomalies will be considered as further recoveries are secured and / or at the 2026 reconciliation of the

## Table 2 - Groundwater

Groundwater (1)		ainable Diversior Reduction Amou		Recovery	Remaining		
SDL Resource Unit (or Shared Zone)	Local Target (GL/y)	Shared Target (GL/y)	Total Target (GL/y)	Purchase (GL/y)	Total Recovery (GL/y)	Total recovery remaining (GL/y)	
Upper Condamine Alluvium (Central Condamine Alluvium) (GS64a)	35.4	N/A	35.4	35.2	35.2	0.2	
Upper Condamine Alluvium (Tributaries) (GS64b) <sup>(2)</sup>	3.1	3.1 N/A		0.1	0.1	3.0	
Total Basin	38.5	N/A	38.5	35.2	35.2	3.2	

## Notes on the above Table

Allow for minor rounding in total values.

All water recovery figures are expressed in long term diversion limit equivalent (LTDLE) terms.

- 1. Groundwater recovery does not contribute to the surface water recovery target.
- 2. Queensland has reviewed how the BDL was set in 2012, where the figure included water licences that were authorised to take water from three groundwater resources namely the Tributaries, the Upper Condamine Basalts and the Great Artesian Basin. Since that time, Queensland has amended these licences so they may take water from one resource only. As a result, the maximum allowable take in the Tributaries has effectively decreased by 1,950 ML/y to 3,050 ML/y). With a reduction in the BDL and the SDL remaining the same, the water recovery target in this SDL resource unit decreases by 1,950 ML/y.